

Guangdong Sanvo Chemical Industry Technology Limited Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of Chemicals and Manufacturer

English name of chemical: Alkyd Aerosol Spray Paint

Manufacturer: Guangdong Sanvo Chemical Industry Technology Limited

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Recommended use: It is alkyd enamel spray paint. It can provide protection on wood, metal, wicker, glass, plaster, ceramic, concrete etc substrates. It dry in minutes to a tough finish that really lasts. Smooth, durable finish and superior corrosion protection.

2. Hazards Identification

Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May be harmful in contact with skin. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Causes skin irritation.

Possible reproductive hazard. Dangerous for the environment if discharged into watercourses.

GHS-classification

Physical hazards	Aerosols	Category 1
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Severe eye damage/irritation	Category 2A
	Germ cell mutagenesis	Category 1B
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
	Specific target organ system toxicity primary contact	Category 3 Anesthesia effect
	Repeated exposure to specific target organ system toxicity	Category 2
	Inhalation hazard	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 2 Category 2

Other hazards which do not result in classification
Label elements
Pictograms

Not classified.





GHS-labeling Signal word

Danger

environment.

Hazard statement

Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: May burst if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the

Precautionary statement Prevention

Response

If swallowed: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Collect spillage.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Physical & chemical hazards

Extremely flammable aerosol. The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Health hazards

harmful to human health through inhalation, skin contact, eye contact, food invasion into human body, stimulation and anesthesia.

Environmental hazards

volatile components can pollute the air, residues can pollute the soil, and permeate the water.

3. Component/ Composition Information

Substance/mixture Mixture CAS No. Chemical Entity Proportion (%) Acetone 67-64-1 25-50 Propane 10-25 74-98-6 64742-47-8 Hydrotreated Light Distillate 10-25 n-Butane 106-97-8 2.5-10 Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated 64742-49-0 2.5-10 Light Hydrous Magnesium Silicate 14807-96-6 2.5-10 Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic 64742-95-6 1.0-2.5 Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) 1.0-2.5 1330-20-7 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6 1.0-2.5



4. First aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get

medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical

advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eve contact

Ingestion Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not

induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content

Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

doesn't get into the lungs.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media Foam. Powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Extinguishing media to avoid Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed Specific hazards

to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special fire fighting Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers

procedures should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up.

Extinguishing method First cut off the fuel source and evacuate the personnel. Spray water can keep the

container cool, use extinguishing agent from the wind direction downward.

fire personnel

Clean-up methods and

measures

materials and containment

Special protective equipment for Wear a positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and a protective suit

to protect the whole face.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedure

For non-emergency personnel Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of

> spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the

SDS.

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use personal protection recommended For emergency responders

in Section 8 of the SDS.

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. **Environmental precautions**

Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Eliminate all ignition sources (no

smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Prevent product from

entering drains. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into

containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section

13 of the SDS.



7. Handling and storage

Handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Storage

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Maximum permissible concentration in China:

MAC (mg/m3): 100 [Toluene]; 400 [Acetone];300 [Acetic Ether];

Engineering measures:

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower should be available when handling this product.

Respiratory protection:

If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels.

Hand protection:

Wear protective gloves such as: Nitrile. Polyvinyl chloride (PVC). Viton/butyl.

Eve protection:

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin and body protection:

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.



9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Liquid Physical state **Form** Aerosol. Colour Colorless

Odour: Solvent Like Not available. pH value: Not available. Melting point/freezing point (°C)

Boiling point (°C) Not available. Initial boiling point (°C) Not available. Boiling range (°C) Not available. Flash point (°C)

2.5[Acetone]: 2.18[Acetic ether]:1.27[Toluene] Lower Explosive limit [%(V/V)] 12.8[Acetone]: 11.4[Acetic ether]:7.0[Toluene] Upper Explosive limit [%(V/V)]

Vapor Pressure (kpa) Not available. Ralative Vapor density (air = 1) 0.89~0.96

Solubility Not soluble in water, soluble in esters, aromatic, chloroform and other organic solvents.

N - octanol/water distribution

coefficient

Not available.

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Material is stable under normal conditions. Stability

Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use. Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Alkalies.

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides.

11. Toxicological information

No toxicological information is available. The following are the main hazardous components of this product, for reference only.

Toxicological data of main harmful component- Acetone:

Acute toxicity: LD50: 5800mg/kg (Rat mouse oral), 20000mg/kg(Rabbit skin contact); LC50: no information.

Subacute and chronic toxicity: rats inhaled 7.22g/m3/day for 600days(8 hours per day, 30days per month), no pathological changes.

Irritation: rabbit eye: 3950 µ g. Severe irritation. Rabbit skin open stimulation test: 395mg, mild stimulation.

Mutagenicity: cytogenetic analysis: Saccharomyces cerevisiae 200mmol / tube. Sex chromosome deletion and non segregation: mice inhaled 12 mg / L.

Toxicity data of ethyl acetate, the main harmful component:

Acute toxicity: LD: 5620mg / kg (oral administration in rats) and 4940mg / kg (oral administration in rabbits);LC: 5760mg / kg, 8 hours (rats inhaled); Human inhalation 2000ppm × 60 minutes, severe toxic reaction; When people inhale 800ppm, they have symptoms; Inhalation of 400ppm can cause irritation to eyes, nose and throat for a short time. 5050

Subacute and chronic toxicity: guinea pigs inhaled 7200mg / m3, no significant effect. Rabbits inhaled 16000mg / m3×1 hour / day, 40 days, anemia, leukocytosis, visceral edema and steatosis.



12. Ecological information

Environmental destruction and distribution: possible pollution of air and water. Low toxicity to fish and mammals.

Persistence and degradation: volatile components can be photolyzed, and steam residues can be slowly oxidized and degraded by organisms and microorganisms.

Toxicity: it has the potential of low toxicity and biochemical enrichment to prevent the growth of organisms and microorganisms.

13. Disposal considerations

Residual waste: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging: Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

Local disposal regulations: Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

14. Transport information

CNDG

UN number: 1950

UN proper shipping name: Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk -

Label(s) 2.1

Packing group

Special precautions for user: Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IATA

UN number: UN1950

UN proper shipping name: Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity Transport hazard class(es): Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk -

Packing group : Not applicable. Environmental hazards: No

Label(s)

ERG Code: 10L

Special precautions for user: Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo aircraft: Allowed with restrictions.

Cargo aircraft only: : Allowed with restrictions.

2.1

IMDG

UN number: UN1950

UN proper shipping name: Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk -Label(s) 2.1

Packing group: Not applicable.



Environmental hazards Marine pollutant: : No

Special precautions for user: Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

15. Regulatory information

Regulatory information:

Regulations on the safety management of hazardous chemicals (order 344 of the state council)

Measures for the administration of hazardous chemicals registration (order No. 35 of the state economic and trade commission)

Regulations on the registration and administration of hazardous chemicals in Guangdong province (Guangdong economic and trade security [2003] No. 80)

Regulations on the safe use of chemicals in the workplace ([1996] No. 423 issued by the department of labor)

Relevant provisions are made for the production, operation, storage, transportation, use and disposal of hazardous chemicals.

16. Other information

Literary reference

- 1. Global uniform classification and labelling of chemicals (second revision), 2007
- 2. Model regulations for the transport of dangerous goods ,2015
- 3. International maritime dangerous goods (edition 34-08)
- Technical manual for hazardous chemical safety, Chemical industry press, 1997
- 5. Regulations on the safety management of hazardous chemicals, 2011
- 6. Dangerous goods list (GB12268-2012)
- 7. Classification and code of dangerous goods (GB6944-2012)
- 8. Compilation of technical specification for hazardous chemical safety (GB16483-2000)
- 9. Classification and marking of common hazardous chemicals (GB13690-92)

Professional training: personnel engaged in the handling or transportation of dangerous goods must receive training on the content of requirements related to the handling or transportation of dangerous goods, general knowledge or familiarity training, specific functional training and safety training, etc.

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